BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION.

VOL. XXVI. BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1887. NO. 1,328.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

Published Every Saturday,

By P. M. & A. C. FOLGER.

[illegible] [illegible]

TERMS:

For one year (in advance)........$5 00

For six months........3 00

For three months........1 75

[illegible] Corner of [illegible] (Court House Block)

BEST

JOB PRINTING

AT

THIS OFFICE.

LOVER AND HUSBAND.

[illegible] that Indian drug, and was [illegible] of high caste," [illegible] holding in his ex- [illegible] vial containing an [illegible] "The natives claim [illegible] peculiar properties, but [illegible] disposition to test [illegible] without, and [illegible] about the fire [illegible] hearth of the [illegible]

[illegible] had depressed all [illegible] to enliven us by a [illegible] Royal Rayne, [illegible] honored by his [illegible] into a hoard of [illegible] gated from the Amazon [illegible] and "farthest Ind," and [illegible] the interesting drug.

[illegible] Rayne! I seem to see him now as I saw him that night, with the ruddy firelight flashing over his dark, splendid face and noble figure, as kindly in bearing as he was in name—a man all the women adored and all the men envied.

"Tell us something about it, Mr. Rayne," entreated Vera, my six month's bride, lifting her sweet face and involuntarily drawing nearer.

I had noticed before how this princely man, with his winning smile and wondrous vitality, seemed to attract weaker natures. Children always gathered about him, and once or twice, for our diversion, he had charmed the wild, beautiful songsters from their native shrines to perch upon his hand.

But it gave me a jealous pang that my innocent Vera should fall ever so slightly under his spell.

"I do not know from what it is prepared, or the use the Brahmins make of it, Mrs. Delmar," he replied, in the soft, musical tones that constituted one of his greatest charms; "but it is said to affect the mind very strangely. While under its influence, the brain works with such lightning-like rapidity that one may fancy himself to pass through all the stirring events of a long life in a very few moments of time."

The way in which his glowing dark eyes lingered upon my wife's face irritated me, and I said, scoffingly:

"Nonsense! I am not so credulous as to believe it has any such power as you claim for it."

"The drug is harmless. Perhaps you would like to test it?"

"Oh, Roger, don't!" cried Vera, in alarm.

The only effect of her appeal was to confirm the resolve I had taken the instant Rayne addressed those words to me, as if daring me to make the experiment.

"What is the dose?" I asked, taking the vial in my own hand.

"Two drops in half a glass of water," he replied.

"Here are four—a double portion," and I deliberately measured them into a glass that stood on a table at my elbow. "I shall soon know if there is any virtue in the drug."

Swallowing the last drop of the preparation, I leaned back in my easy-chair, gazing at Royal Rayne half-contemptuously.

He returned my look, and all at once it seemed as if something black fell before my eyes. It was gone in a moment, and then I perceived that Vera was also regarding me with a strange, speculating expression I had never seen upon her face before.

"How do you feel, Rager?" she asked, in what was evidently intended for a solicitous tone.

"Very much as usual. The drug is a humbug."

Rayne frowned.

"You think so because you are of a temperament to throw off its influence. But it certainly would affect some persons precisely as I have described it."

My only answer was a contemptuous smile.

Shortly afterward some one arose—there were half a dozen guests staying in the house—and the circle was broken. But Rayne and my wife remained. When they fancied I had become interested in a book I had taken up, Vera flitted to the niche beyound the glowing hearth where Rayne was at that moment standing, and said in a whisper:

"Roger looks and acts strangely. What if that yellow liquid should be a deadly poison?"

"Would you care so very much?" he answered back in a tone that chilled my blood.

I do not know what response she made. It was probably only a look. But both laughed softly, and after a moment Vera glided back and threw herself upon a low hassock at my feet.

I could have struck her as she lifted her dimpled, lovely face. It was the first time a doubt of her truth had ever crossed my mind. Only by a determined effort of the will could I help betraying the horror and distrust that had taken possession of my mind.

"Dear Roger, I am glad that horrid drug did not make you ill," she purred, but her eyes drooped, refusing to meet my searching gaze.

Later, when she had retired to her own room, and I was crouching upon the windswept veranda, heedless of the storm, for my own thoughts were in a greater turmoil than the elements, two of the guests came and stood at the window just above.

"Do you think Mr. Delmar knows?" were the words that came to my ears clear and distinct.

"Knows what? How shamelessly his wife is flirting with Royal Rayne?"

"Yes."

"It is doubtful. The honeymoon is scarcely over, and a man in love is proverbially blind. He no doubt thinks his wife a modern Lucretia."

"What a shame that he should be so deceived! Rayne was Mrs. Delmar's lover before he went abroad, I believe?"

"So the gossips say. Scandalous stories were told of them even then. But Rayne was not a marrying man, and gave his pretty sweetheart the go by. She married Mr. Delmar for his money."

The speakers left the window. But I had heard more than enough. Rayne an old lover of my wife's, and they had met as strangers! Had I been so deceived? Were all Vera's kisses and tender words the snares of a hypocrite?

I would watch—convince myself, and should this dreadful thing prove true, exact a terrible penalty.

They were extremely careful in my presence, but the next day, as we were leaving the breakfast-table, I saw Rayne slip a note into Vera's hand. She stole away by herself to read it.

Several hours later, when she was out upon the lawn with our guests, the gayest of them all, I sought her dressing-room. A bit of crumpled paper lay on the carpet before the dressing-table. Smoothing it on my knee I read these words:

"Six o'clock. The old summer-house."

An appointment! It had even come to that.

While I stood there crumpling the note in my trembling hand, I decided upon the course of action I would pursue.

Among my possessions was a large Siberian bloodhound I had purchased abroad. Though faithful and gentle to me, he could be very ferocious, and was an object of terror to all our guests, Rayne included. The spell of fascination he exerted over nearly every living creature was powerless with this sagacious beast.

As the day wore on, and the specified hour approached, Vera laughingly excused herself, and left her guests. After going up-stairs, she stole forth at a side door, and walked swiftly in the direction of the summer-house.

It was the signal for which I waited. Proceeding to Tiger's kennel, and loosing his chain, bade him follow me.

The summer-house was a quaint structure of two stories, standing in a remote part of the grounds. Dense shrubbery shut it in.

Taking Tiger by the collar, I drew him under cover of some bushes near the door, where he was entirely concealed from observation.

"Let no one pass, sir," I said in a fierce whisper, and the intelligent animal gave a low growl, as though he fully understood what was expected of him.

A flight of stairs led from the ground floor to the more comfortable room above.

Vera's face was a study when she heard my step, and, looking up, saw me standing in the open door. The flush died suddenly out of her cheeks, the eager light from her eyes. She started up from the rustic seat, pallid and trembling.

"Why, Roger, what brings you here?" she stammered. "Did you come to seek me?"

"Yes, Vera," I answered, drawing her down beside me upon the bench. "Come, be seated again. It will be so nice to have a *tete-a-tete* for once, away from our guests."

I spoke calmly, but she must have seen something unusual in my face; or she may have hoped to get me away before her lover appeared. All at once she began to struggle in my arms.

"Let me go, Roger. I cannot remain here. Our guests will wonder at our absence, and take offense. Let us return to the house. At once."

"Wait. Sing just one of the old songs with which you used to enchant me."

"Another time, Roger. Really——"

She was struggling again. I held her as in a vise.

Suddenly a step sounded in the path below. Vera grew still as death all at once, a look of awful terror creeping over her livid face.

While we remained motionless, staring into each other's eyes, a hoarse growl came to our ear, succeeded immediately by a wild, terrified cry. Vera seemed to comprehend the truth instantly.

"Tiger!" she panted rather than said. "You have let him loose!"

Then she dropped on her knees, and lifted her clasped hands.

"Roger, be merciful! Call off the brute. Murder will be done. Go, for Heaven's sake! or it will be too late."

I listened with smiling lips.

A snarling sound came from below, mingled with moans of pain. Even these died away at last.

Vera made a desperate effort, broke from my hold, and rushed screaming down the stairs.

I followed.

A horrible sight met my gaze when I reached the lawn. Royal Rayne lay across the path, bruised and bleeding, his white face and staring eyes upturned to the pitiless sky. Tiger still crouched beside his victim, his jaws dripping with gore.

Vera tottered forward, and flung herself across the dead body of her lover.

"Oh, Heaven! he is dead!"

Her wild grief maddened me. I seized her roughly by the arm and lifted her up. The white dress she wore, with its gay knots of pretty pink ribbon, was spotted and dabbled with blood.

A sort of frenzy seemed to take possession of me.

"Yes!" I hissed. "Tiger has done his work well. I knew the faithful brute could be trusted to guard my honor. You would rather join your paramour, no doubt, than live with me?"

"Yes," she barely whispered. "You know all, and I will not disguise the truth. I loved him."

Then she lifted her face, all her voice coming back.

"Life is valueless to me now. Kill me, too, and so complete the work of vengeance."

"I will," was my answer.

And drawing a knife, I plunged it into her bosom.

She expired with scarce a sign. A smile of heavenly sweetness seemed to hover about her lips as she fell back upon the grass, her life-blood mingling its stream with Royal Rayne's. Ah, Heaven! how beautiful she was—lovelier than ever in the icy embrace of death! The fatal beauty that had been of those two the bane.

I was stunned for a while, but finally my senses returned. Something must be done to conceal the crime I had committed.

Raising Vera's lifeless body in my arms, I bore it to the rear of the summer-house, where some stones forming the foundation wall were loose, and thrusting it through the aperture, replaced everything precisely as I had found it. Afterward I returned to the house, mingling freely with the guests. No one seemed to notice anything unusual in my appearance.

As the evening wore on, sly whispers and significant glances were exchanged. The continued absence of Vera and Royal Rayne was being commented on, and one of the elder ladies said, in an audible whisper:

"Of course, they have fled. It is strange how Mr. Delmar can remain ignorant of what is so patent to everybody else."

The next morning Rayne's body was discovered near the summer house, where I had left it; but there could be no uncertainty as to how he had met his fate. The imprint of Tiger's teeth was all too visible in his purple throat.

Everybody was startled, and there was a great commotion.

Then the natural query arose: What had become of Vera? The gossips were not long in stepping to the front with a theory. She had been crazed by the sight of her dead lover, they said, and was wandering aimlessly about the country.

To encourage this belief, I sent scouting parties in every direction; the whole neighborhood joined in the search.

From all sides came expressions of sympathy and condolence. I was looked upon as a martyr.

But oh! the long, dreadful days and horrible nights! Often did I waken from troubled dreams, a cold sweat bedewing my forehead, to see Vera's dead face staring at me out of the darkness.

An indefinable fascination drew me daily to the spot where I had concealed the body. I felt a morbid longing to behold her again and mark the changes death had wrought.

One morning, [illegible] longer to resist the impulse, I stole secretly to the summer-house, and, removing the stones, dragged forth the body of my victim.

I had scarcely done this when a strong hand clutched my arm. An officer of the law was standing at my elbow.

"I suspected you from the first," he said, with a leer. "Now there can be no doubt of your guilt. It becomes my duty to place you under arrest for the murder of your wife, and——"

I started and rubbed my eyes. The man's face seemed to be transformed all at once. It was Royal Rayne who stood beside me, shaking me vigorously.

"Wake up, Delmar, and tell us what you think now of the East Indian drug."

I flung him off with a shriek of horror, and looked around in utter bewilderment.

I was sitting before the fire in the roomy hall, with the storm still howling outside. I saw my darling wife coming toward me, an expression of deep concern upon her pretty face. The sound of her voice aroused me as from a trance. "Oh, Roger," she cried, "how strangely you look! Never try such an experiment again."

It was Vera herself, alive and well. Everything that had seemed to succeed the falling of the shadow before my eyes was but a dream.

Regardless of the presence of others. I drew her into my arms, kissed her repeatedly, and burst into tears of joy and relief.

* * *

Royal Rayne is now my best friend, and I have never had the least occasion to be jealous of him. At my urgent request, he threw away the vial containing the amber-colored liquid.

FOUR BABES AT A BIRTH.

Benjamin Tubbs Beside Himself With Grief.—Nine in Five Years.

Mrs. Charlotte Tubbs of Caroline county, says a Baltimore special to the *Morning Journal*, has driven her husband nearly crazy by giving birth to a quartette of blue-eyed, red-faced, baldheaded babies, each weighing from three to five pounds. Mr. Benjamin Tubbs would no doubt have been delighted at this family presentation but from the fact that just sixteen months ago his wife made him a Christmas present of her second pair of twins. One year previous to that she gave birth to a son, and ten months previous was the mother of twins. All the twins and the quartette are girls, and the only boy was the single birth.

Nine children in five years.

This is the maternal record of Mrs. Tubbs of Caroline county.

Nothing was thought of the rapid increase in Tubbs' family until the last quadruple addition, and now poor Tubbs is almost beside himself. He could scarcely support the five and does not know what to do with the nine. A subscription has been taken up to get him and his family better accomodations. It is remarkable that the four babies lived, and from the sound of their lung power and other healthy indications they will all live to keep the two pairs of twins company. Physicians from all the country round have been to see the phenomena. The mother is doing well. The babies were born a week ago and the fourth was born just five hours after the first.

Marie Antoinette's Diadem in Buffalo.

A well known Buffalo man, living on the west side, has just returned home from a trip to Europe. Among other souvenirs he brought with him a diamond made for and worn by Marie Antoinette. The fillet is a plain band of Roman gold, inlaid with a mosaic of opals, turquoises, rubies and sapphires, depicting incidents in the lives of Helen and Dido. Above this rises a spray pattern of beaten gold exquisitely wrought, supporting a border of fleur de lis composed of rose diamonds and pearls. Three of the diamonds are from the famous Golconda mines. The monogram of the unhappy queen is engraved on the inside of the fillet. This somehow escaped the notice of the auctioneer, else it might have brought much more than was paid for it, 50,500 francs. The jewels alone are worth that. Such a souvenir would excite great interest if its possessor could be induced to place it on exhibition.

'Earth and Atmosphere.'

If it were possible to rise above the atmosphere which surrounds the earth, we should see nothing but an intense and shapely defined ball of fire, while everything else would be wrapped in total darkness. There could be no difference of light without an atmosphere or some similar medium for it to act upon; but if the air around us extended to a height of 600 miles, the rays of the sun could not penetrate it, and we should be left in darkness. At the depth of 700 feet in the ocean the light ceases altogether, one-half of the light being absorbed in passing through seven feet of the purest water.

A Chinese Industry.

Rev. B. C. Henry states that the fan palm of China grows only in the San Ui district, some twenty miles long by ten miles wide. The trees do not yield leaves suitable for fans until six years old, but the tallest measure only about twelve feet. From April to November the leaves are cut monthly, from one to three being taken from each plant. From 10,000 to 20,000 people are employed.

DEATH BY GUILLOTINE.

The Head and Body Immediately After Decapitation.

The *Progress Medical* publishes a paper by Drs. Regnard and Loye on the examination of the head and body of a convict immediately after his decapitation by the guillotine.

The prisoner was calm to the last and not pale, even when his neck was fixed ready to receive the fatal knife. Two seconds after decapitation the cheeks were still rosy, the eyes wide open, with moderately dilated pupils, the mouth firmly closed. When a finger was placed close to one eye no change of expression took place, but on touching an eye or the tips of the lashes during the first five seconds, the lids closed just as in life. This reflex action could not be excited from the sixth second after decapitation. The jaws were tightly closed and could not be opened by manual force. No similar contraction [illegible] the trunk or extremities. One minute after death the face began to turn pale, the trunk remained flacid, the carotids continuing to throw out blood remaining in the circulatory area. At the end of four minutes the face was quite pale, the upper lids were half closed, the jaws less firmly clenched than before. The knife passed through the lower part of the fourth cervical vertebra.

These researches show that not a trace of consciousness remains two seconds after beheading; that reflex movement of the cornea can be excited for two seconds; that the heart may beat for an hour, the auricles continuing to pulsate alone for over half that period, and that, putting aside the reflex movements of the eyelid, the contraction of the jaws and the jets of blood from the carotids, it seemed in this case as though a corpse had been decapitated, so inert were the remains of the convict. Drs. Regnard and Loye note how calm and free even from physiological death-struggle symptoms is death by the guillotine. There is not even asphyxia.

Japanese Married Women.

There is not a single feature of Japanese woman life but appears most objectionable; and, like the laws affecting women generally, the code of Japanese female etiquette requires radical revision. Take that nasty practice of blackening the teeth, the sign of a married lady. Of course, there are numbers of late years who have adopted European fashions, wives and daughters mostly of Japanese, who have become imbued with occidental ideas, or of men educated abroad or having traveled in Europe. These have given up the practice, but in the cases of the vast majority of young girls, no sooner does "Mr. Fikoyemon" make an offer of marriage—which is done by fastening a branch of a particular shrub to the house of her parents—then the damsel, if the gentleman is accepted, becomes entitled to dye her molars and grinders and pluck out her eyebrows. And the compound employed to dye the teeth is a most villainous mixture, often corroding the lips and gums and "making the gangrened mouth of a Japanese lady look like the sepulchre of all beauty."

No less objectionable is the custom which compels a young beauty of Figen to dye her lips a furious red, and hide the natural carnation of her cheek beneath a layer of violet paint. It is unnecessary to say that there is much in Japanese etiquette and custom, which is ingrained in the character of the people, and will change only slowly and in the course of many years.

What Key West Looks Like.

The Key has about as much shape as a camel, and in a general way lies east and west and contains about six square miles. It is as flat as a shingle, the highest point being about fourteen feet above the mean sea level. To the casual visitors it looks as though the sea, particularly in a storm, would submerge this insignificant rise, but it is a matter of record that it never has done it. The city proper covers the western end of the Key, and it was, previous to the great fire of March 30, 1886, very densely settled, and about as un-American looking as could well be imagined, bearing a strong resemblance to a West India town. The houses are of wood and quite plainly built. There are not more than six brick buildings. The streets are of very good width, tolerably straight and passably clean. The roadway is coral rock; there is no soil to speak of; what passes for soil is triturated coral, very rich in phosphates and making an excellent fertilizer, but by itself deficient in fat. To garden one must use a pick rather than a hoe. Very few vegetables are grown here and vegetation is confined mainly to cocoanut trees. Here and there can be seen a pine or an Alexander, or a star of India, or a royal poncana, a few mulberry and prickly ash trees and popenack bushes. Flowers and flowering shrubs grow in abundance.

A Mightier Than Niagara.

As a possible theory of the origin of the Mississipi river, Messrs. Robert Bates and John A. Keyes suggest that its erosion was accomplished by means of a mighty cataract which began far down the river near its original mouth, and by gradual retrocession dug out the valley-like gorge which is so marked a feature in the upper part of its course, and left the high bluff walls on either hand. This view makes St. Anthony's Falls the ever-decreasing and receding remnants of the once most stupendous cataract the world ever saw, having a perpendicular descent of perhaps 500 feet. The time required to cut out the entire channel is placed at 400,000 years.

A French Fuel.

The plan of utilizing coke dust by making it into briquettes has been successfully adopted by the Gas Company at Lyons, France. This is accomplished by mixing each ton of fine coke with about 200 pounds of coal-tar pitch, and then passing through a compressing machine. The total cost is $4 per ton, and the product readily sells for $5.50 to $6 per ton. The expense for the plant, with a capacity of sixty-five tons daily, was only $9,000.

Punctuation is an edged tool, for skilled workmen. We all have heard of the lawyer who, compelled to apologize in open Court for insulting a professional brother, said: "I called him a scoundrel, it is true; and I am sorry for it." He attended personally to getting his apology printed, and next day it appeared in the papers in this shape: "I called him a scoundrel; it is true, and I am sorry for it."

The following very curious case of far-reaching results from defective punctuation is vouched for by the Royal Geographical Society:

"Manchooria is a paradise on the borders of China. Though a luxurious and luxuriant land, it has, however, for years been considered a country of ice and snow, and all because its great mountain is misspelt 'Cha-pe-pai-shan' for 'Chang-pai-shan.' The latter is its real name, and means 'the long white mountain'—the white [illegible] Chang, however [illegible] misleading the [illegible] must be cold and sterile. So they brought the top of the mountain above the snow-line, and gave out to the world that this 'Garden of Eden' was another Iceland. Such it has been held for ages."

Balloons in High Altitudes.

The recent attempt made by some French aëronauts to reach a great height above the earth has not been productive of any particular scientific results. The balloon in which the ascent was made reached an altitude of over 20,000 feet without the occupants of the car experiencing any ill effects, except a tendency to faintness on the part of one of them. When about 12 years ago a similar attempt was made, and the height of 25,000 feet was reached, it was with fatal results to three out of the four aëronautes. The success of the present experiment is explained by the allegation that the difficulties due to the rarefaction of the atmosphere only begin at an altitude of 23,000 to 24,000 feet. This view seems supported by the fact that in the Himalayas and the Andes heights of about 20,000 feet have been on several occasions reached without any inconvenience. In such cases, however, the ascent has always been gradual. The ill effects experienced in balloons are possibly due to the suddenness of the change.—London Spectator.

An Opera Bell.

A new operatic representation in Paris introduces a deep tolling which could ordinarily be given only with a church bell weighing 15,000 pounds. The production of this deep tone with available apparatus, has been the subject of much study and experiment, and the problem has been finally solved by Mr. Sax, of saxophone and saxhorn fame. This he has done with a bell of peculiar form weighing only fifteen pounds. It consists of a sheet of brass rolled into the shape of a cornet, soldered, and then hammered into superposed inflations, that finally give the whole a parabolic form. The timbre, pitch and intensity of the sound yielded vary according to the number, form and arrangement of the inflations. In the tolling, the vibrations are prolonged by means of two saxhorns and a small bell sounding two octaves higher, and the result is impressive. This is one of the many modern applications of science to stage effects.

Overwork of the Brain.

There is as much danger of hurting the brain by idleness as by overwork. According to a writer, Dr. Farquharson argues that intellectual power is lessened by the listlessness in which the well-to-do classes generally spend their lives. Under such conditions the brain gradually loses its health, and, although equal to the demands of a routine existence, is unable to withstand the strain of sudden emergency. So, when a load of work is unexpectedly thrown on it in its unprepared state, the worst consequences of what may be called overwork, show themselves. Similarly a man accustomed to sedentary pursuits is liable to be physically injured by taking suddenly too violent exercise. Dr. Farquharson further says that so long as a brainworker can sleep well, eat well, and take a fair proportion of out-door exercise he is safe to keep on. When any of these conditions fail it is time to cry a halt.

To Render Linen and Cotton Tissues Waterproof.

A German paper recommends casein and alumina as the best means to make linen and calico impermeable. Eight pounds of casein is stirred up in fifty-two and a half pints of water, and two and a quarter ounces of slaked lime is added; four pounds of neutral soap is dissolved at the same time in forty-two pints of water, and mixed with the casein solution. The articles are to be immersed in this solution, pressed, or wrung out, and afterwards brought into a warm solution of acetate of alumina, the temperature of which is about fifty to sixty degrees centigrade, and is intended for making the casein insoluble. The articles are finally placed for a very short time in nearly boiling water, and then dried.

A New Source of Carbon.

It is stated that an excellent carbon for electrical purposes can be obtained from sea-weeds. After thorough washing in hot water, the material is dried, and is then carbonized in closed retorts in the usual manner. The resulting product is treated with dilute acid and dried. It is then said to be a perfectly pure form of carbon in soft masses or lumps, which may be easily crushed between the fingers, and, after being ground, make an excellent raw material for the various purposes for which carbon is applied.

Brain-Growth in Infancy.

A striking fact deduced from observations recorded by the late Dr. Parrot is the rapid growth of the brain in the first half-year of life, as compared with the increase in height, and the growth of other organs. Taking the total growth between birth and six years of age as 100, the weight of the heart increases 11.43 in girls and 11.83 in boys during their first six months of life; the height increases 20.8 in girls and 11.4 in boys; while the weight of brain increases 27.41 in girls and 23.31 in boys.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT. DECEMBER 31. 1887.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

E. C. DAKE, 65 Merchants' Exchange.
L. P. FISHER, 21 Merchants' Exchange.
G. H. KELLOGG, 330 Pine street.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

Ohio State Journal (Rep.): In 1888 the Republicans must look to the States of West Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee and Missouri to wipe out the Democrat majority in the lower House of Congress. A change of less than 3,000 votes in those States would have wiped out the majority last year. And a change of less than 2,000 in northern districts would have produced the same result. The Democratic majority in the House must go.

The Administration has just caused an immense loss to the business men of the country by a sudden order concerning the printing allowable on third-class mail matter. The order has detained tons upon tons of circulars in the postoffices of the country. It shows that the Administration cares absolutely nothing for the business interests of the country.—Rochester Democrat.

The Troy Telegram says if the Democratic party really believes in revenue reform now is its time to fight for it, and if it does fight the Republicans will take up their old position and act as defenders in general of American interests.

Unless there shall be a revolution in political sentiment before the meeting of the convention next Summer the race will be made by the contestants of 1884 and the colors under which they will run will be tariff reduction and protection respectively. —Salt Lake Herald (Dem.)

It is entirely idle for able journalists solemnly to assure the public that Mr. Blaine is really a very feeble person and that his party abound in far stronger men. Essays of this sort can only provoke laughter and gibes from those who remember that Mr. Blaine came within a few hundred votes of success last time and who gather from the drift of things that no other Republican can come so near it as he next time.—Brooklyn Eagle (Dem.)

Now that Mr. Cleveland has defined the issue, now that he has drawn a broad, sharply-defined policy and that policy free trade, who can doubt the name of the man who best represents protection as opposed to pauper free trade? James G. Blaine is the man.—Philadelphia News (Rep.)

What the future may have in store for Mr. Blaine we know not; but this we do know, and do not hesitate to declare, that millions of his countrymen will indorse the message he has sent them on the wings of the lightning, and we suspect that many a Democrat is apprehensive to-day that Mr. Cleveland has virtually become his own Burchard.—Baltimore American (Rep.)

Coming to the aid of Democracy some one suggests that their next national convention be held in London. The English metropolis is after free trade in the United States. It hankers for an open market to dispose of its surplus manufactures. It desires to strike a blow at the high wages of the American working people. It clamors for the renomination of Grover Cleveland.—National Republican (Rep.)

The interview of Mr. Blaine on the tariff question will be accepted all over the country as the keynote of the true American policy.—Ohio State Journal (Rep.)

There is a refreshing contrast between these matured conclusions of a great statesmen and the crude platitudes of the President.—Brooklyn Times (Rep.)

Mr. Blaine is a true American and a champion of protection. What he says in his Paris interview is sound Republican doctrine. In common with every Republican he realizes that President Cleveland has proclaimed free trade as the one great issue in the campaign of 1888, and there is no doubt that he will be found next year, whether as a candidate or not, hurling protection hot-shot into the camp of the free-traders.—Cleveland Leader (Rep.)

The President's message reads like a string of free-trade platitudes culled from cyclopedias, text-books, and Cobden Club pamphlets. Mr. Blaine's comments come fresh and hot from the prolific and forgetive brain of a man who creates instead of borrowing ideas, and who, instead of repeating what others have said, says things for others to repeat. In an argument of this kind Mr. Blaine "wipes the earth" with Grover Cleveland.—Indianapolis Journal (Rep.)

A most significant fact of the controversy is that Mr. Blaine's views have been received by the Republicans with an acclamation that seems to make him the spokesman of the party.—New York Journal (Dem.)

Mr. Blaine is a statesman, which Mr. Cleveland is not. Mr. Blaine, speaking on the tariff question, knows what he is talking about; Mr. Cleveland does not.—Chicago Journal, Rep.

The next national Republican convention will be held at Chicago, June 19, 1888, and the following day James G. Blaine will be renominated.—Washington Sunday Herald, Dem.

The gage threw down has been promptly taken up by Blaine speaking for the Republicans and the Wool Growers and Dealers' Association; and the prospect now is that wool duty will be the article upon which the tariff fight will be made instead of sugar, as was expected. It does not follow that sugar will not be brought into the discussion, but the probabilities are that the product of the sheep will be the most considered and discussed.—New Orleans Times-Democrat, Dem.

The citrus fair of Butte county, at Oroville, was a success. It was held in a canvas pavilion 50 by 150 feet, encircling six orange trees in full bearing. An exhibition in a canvas tent at this season of the year is a fit representation of a California Winter. On Christmas Day ripe strawberries were picked in Sacramento, and they were grown in the open air.

For the year ending November 30th the imports of merchandise into the United States amounted to $712,986,918 and the exports to $727,460,635—$14,473,764 in favor of this country. The imports of gold and silver were largely in excess of exports.

Conductor E. G. Lestie, of the Northern Pacific Road, was run over by his train and instantly killed on the 23d instant. He leaves a wife and child in Portland, Or. His age was 26 years.

THE SURPLUS.

The true inwardness of the Surplus in in the Treasury was exposed by Senator Plumb, when he arraigned President Cleveland, a few days since. The last Congress passed a bill directing the President to use the surplus in retiring bonds, but it failed to become a law through Cleveland pocketing it, thus preventing considering it again. Had the President signed the bill there would be no surplus to hold up to the country to influence Congress into reducing the tariff to a free trade level. Neither would the President had an opportunity to pander to Wall street. Pocketing the bill enabled him to loan $40,000,000 to the Banks. This was taken from the Treasury and deposited in the Banks without interest, and yet the Government was paying interest on the bonds which Congress and the people desired should be redeemed. The President would rather let the Bankers loan the money to their customers at a good interest than retire the bonds and save the payment of interest. And, in face of these stubborn facts, Cleveland professes alarm at the surplus in the Treasury and urges Congress to reduce it by crippling the industries of the country. The monies in the Treasury ought to be reduced by exbending in the building up of a navy and fortifying the coast, and improving rivers and harbors.

On Saturday night an attempt was made to rob an express train at Atokas Indian Territory, but the robbers were stood off by the messenger. They rode off after firing several shots into the car.

MINING NOTICES.

Notice of Assessment.

MONO GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Location of Works, Bodie Mining District, Bodie, Mono County, California.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the twentieth day of December, 1887, an assessment, No. 25, of Fifty cents per share was levied upon the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room 62, Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 24th day of January, 1888, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, the 28th day of FEBRUARY, 1888, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.
GEO. W. SESSIONS, Secretary.

OFFICE—Room No. 62 Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. d24 td

LEGAL.

Order to Show Cause why Order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Mono, State of California.

In the matter of the Estate of GEO. N. WHITMAN, Deceased.

P. T. Brown, the Administrator of the Estate of George N. Whitman, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of Sale of all of the real estate, of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

It is therefore ordered by the Judge of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, appear before the said Superior Court on

THURSDAY, the 26th day of JANUARY, 1888, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Superior Court at Bridgeport, in said County of Mono, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Administrator to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four successive weeks in BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION, a newspaper printed and published in said Mono County.

O. F. HAKES,
Judge of the Superior Court.

Dated December 21st, 1887.
Indorsed: Filed December 21st, 1887.
O. H. KISTER, Clerk.
Attest, a true copy.
[LS] O. H. KISTER, Clerk.
[d24 4w]

Order to Show Cause why Order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Mono, State of California.

In the Matter of the Estate of JOHN P. TRUDGEN, Deceased.

Wm. P. Trudgen, the Administrator of the Estate of John P. Trudgen, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of Sale of all the real estate, of said decedent for the purposes therein set forth.

It is therefore ordered by the Judge of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, appear before the said Superior Court on

THURSDAY, the 26th day of JANUARY, 1888, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Superior Court at Bridgeport, in the County of Mono, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Administrator to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four successive weeks in BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION, a newspaper printed and published in said Mono County.

O. F. HAKES,
Judge of the Superior Court.

Dated December 21st, 1887.
Indorsed: Filed December 21st, 1887.
O. H. KISTER, Clerk.
Attest: A true copy.
[LS] O. H. KISTER, Clerk.
[d24 4w]

MUNN & Co. PATENTS NEW YORK ESTABLISHED 1846

After Forty years' experience in the preparation of more than One Hundred Thousand applications for patents in the United States and Foreign countries, the publishers of the Scientific American continue to act as solicitors for patents, caveats, trade-marks, copyrights, etc., for the United States, and to obtain patents in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries. Their experience is unequaled and their facilities are unsurpassed.

Drawings and specifications prepared and filed in the Patent Office on short notice. Terms very reasonable. No charge for examination of models or drawings. Advice by mail free.

Patents obtained through Munn & Co. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which has the largest circulation and is the most influential newspaper of its kind published in the world. The advantages of such a notice every patentee understands.

This large and splendidly illustrated newspaper is published WEEKLY at $3.00 a year, and is admitted to be the best paper devoted to science, mechanics, inventions, engineering works, and other departments of industrial progress, published in any country. It contains the names of all patentees and title of every invention patented each week. Try it four months for one dollar. Sold by all newsdealers.

If you have an invention to patent write to Munn & Co., publishers of Scientific American, 361 Broadway, New York.
Handbook about patents mailed free.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-st. N. Y.

W. T. COLEMAN & Co., Agents
San Francisco.

MINING NOTICES.

Notice of Assessment.

THE MOUNTAIN GOLD AND SILVER MINING Company.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Silver Mountain, Alpine county, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 16th day of November, 1887, an assessment (No. 26) of 1 Cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 332 Kearny street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 20th day of December, 1887, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before will be sold on MONDAY, the 9th day of JANUARY, 1888, to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. HERRMANN, Secretary.

OFFICE—332 Kearny street, San Francisco, California. n26-td

LEGAL.

SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Mono, State of California.

THE COUNTY OF MONO, Plaintiff, vs. JOHN DOE NO. 1, JOHN DOE and RICHARD ROE, whose true names are to Plaintiff unknown, and who are therefore sued by the fictitious names last aforesaid, THE MONO LAKE HYDRAULIC MINING COMPANY, a Corporation, WM. NOTT, J. C. WIMIN, JOHN BLISS, R. N. GRAVES, A. PACKARD, THOMAS HOLT and D. E. JONES, Defendants.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County.

W. H. VIRDEN, Plaintiff's Attorney,

The People of the State of California send Greeting to John Doe No. 1, John Doe, Richard Roe, whose true names are to Plaintiff unknown and who are therefore sued by the fictitious names last aforesaid, and the Mono Lake Hydraulic Mining Company, a Corporation, Wm. Nott, J. C. Wimin, John Bliss, R. N. Graves, A. Packard, Thomas Holt and D. E. Jones, Defendants.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the Superior Court of the said county of Mono, State of California, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to recover of you said defendants the sum of One Hundred and Seventy eight 86-100 Dollars County and State taxes together with five per cent. penalty added thereto for the nonpayment thereof and interest thereon at the rate of two per cent. per month from the 27th day of December, 1886, and One dollar cost of advertising, which said sum, penalties, and interest is claimed by plaintiff to be due and owing from you said defendants to plaintiff for State and county taxes duly levied and assessed for the fiscal year 1886, in said Mono county, State of California, to Unknown Owners upon real estate and personal property, known as the Mono Lake Hydraulic Mining Companies lands and improvements but in which, plaintiff alleges, that each of you have and claim a right, title, interest, and ownership, and that each of you said defendants are in duty bound to pay said taxes to plaintiff. And plaintiff further prays that the amount of said judgment may be declared a lien against the said property and that the plaintiff have decree of this Court and order of sale of said property or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said judgment and the costs of this suit, all of which is more fully set forth in the complaint now on file herein a copy of which is served herewith, and made a part of this summons and to which you are hereby refered for further and fuller particulars.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Superior Court, of the County of Mono, State of California, this 10th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.
L. S.
O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

Indorsed: No. 768. Superior Court, County of Mono.

The County of Mono, Plaintiff, v. John Doe No. 1. John Doe, Richard Roe, Mono Lake Hydraulic Mining Company, Wm. Nott, J. C. Wimin, John Bliss, R. N. Graves, A. Packard, Thomas Holt & D. E. Jones, and Real estate described in the complaint, Defendants.

Summons.
Filed August 23d, 1887,
O. H. Kister, Clerk.

W. H. VIRDEN, Plaintiff's Attorney and District Attorney of Mono county, Cal. o29-2m

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF JOHN H. McFARLEN, DEceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned. Administrator of the Estate of John H. McFarlen, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at the Law Office of Wm. O. Parker, Bridgeport, Mono Co., Cal., the same being his place for the transaction of the business of said Estate in the said County of Mono, State of California.

Dated at Bridgeport, December 15th, 1887.
B. T. BROWN, Administrator
of the Estate of John H. McFarlen, deceased.
[d17-1m]

RICHLY Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required you, reader, can do as well as any one Write; to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

HOTELS.

HOT SPRINGS' HOTEL,

SAMUEL FALES .... Proprietor.

JUNCTION OF THE ANTELOPE AND SONORA WAGON ROADS,
(65 miles from Sonora and 80 from Bodie),
MONO COUNTY, CAL.

This well-known and popular Summer Resort is pleasantly situated on the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada Mountains amid wild and picturesque scenery, which offers superior inducements for tourists. The best of accommodations for [illegible] miles, the rooms being large and airy. For invalids the

STEAM, MUD AND SWIMMING BATHS

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Good Fishing in Walker River.
Commodious Stabling. my22-tf

BARNETT'S HOTEL,

COLEVILLE, MONO COUNTY, CAL.,
Antelope Wagon Road, 50 miles from Carson City and 51 from Bodie).

D. M. BARNETT .... Proprietor

The hotel is new, commodious, and pleasantly situated supplied

The table is supplied with the best the market affords.

The BAR is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Stabling and Blacksmith shop connected with the house. je5-tf

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

Main street.

BODIE .... CAL.

N. W. BOYD, ... Proprietor

THE ABOVE HOTEL WILL BE conducted as first class in all its Departments.

The Table Cannot Be Excelled.

THE ROOMS ARE FIRST-CLASS

Being Heated and Kept Scrupulously Clean.

Very Best Attention, as well as the Best of Accomodations

BODIE HOUSE,

Corner of Main, Green and Mills Strs

Bodie, Cal.

O. H. HILL .... Proprietor.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL, UNDER the above management offers unsurpassed advantages to the

TRAVELING PUBLIC,

As well as to regular and permanent boarders

☞ The choicest

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

found at the bar.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Bridgeport Mono County, Cal.

THE ASSESSMENT BOOK FOR THE year 1887, has this day been placed in my hands, and notice is given that I will be in the places herein mentioned, at the time specified, or the purpose of receiving payment of the same:

Antelope—At James Todkill's store, December 2d and 3d.

Clinton—At John H Sheehan's store, December 5th.

Lundy and Mono Lake—At Judge Mattly's Court Room, December 9th.

Benton—At Wm. Shimmin's store, December 12th and 13th.

Bodie—At Occidental Hotel, December 20th, 21st and 22d.

Bridgeport—At office of the Tax Collector at any time.

And notice is hereby further given that Taxes will be Delinquent on the last Monday in December, 1887, at 6 o clock, P. M., and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof

WAT. MORGAN, Tax Collector.
Dated October 24, 1887. o29-td

$300 REWARD.

The following Preamble and Resolution were then offered and passed by a unanimous vote:

WHEREAS—On or about the 25th day of July A. D. 1887, in the County of Mono, State of California, Jean Pratt was murdered by some person or persons unknown:

NOW, THEREFORE—We, the Board of Supervisors of the said County of Mono, by virtue of the authority in us vested by the Constitution and Laws of the State of California, do hereby offer a reward of Three Hundred Dollars for the arrest and conviction of said unknown person or persons.

Attest: O. H. KISTER,
o13 Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.

MISCELLANEOUS.

POSTOFFICE STORE,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.,

HAS IN STOCK

Choice Family Groceries,
DRY GOODS
FANCY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES and HATS,
Wines and Liquors,
PAINTS, OILS, LAMPS, CHIMNEYS and WICK
Hardware,
Stationery, Confectionary.
Powder and Shot.

A. F. BRYANT.

JOE A. BROWN,

General Merchandise,

Main Street, Bridgeport.

Choice Family Groceries,
Fancy and Toilet Articles.
Candies and Nuts
Yankee Notions,
Powder, Shot, Caps and Cartridges,
Stationery, etc., etc.

S. L. MUNSON.

Manufacturer of Acorn Dress Shirts, Collars, Cuffs Shirt Fronts, Ladies' Collars and Lace Neckwear,

ALBANY, N. Y.

THIS IS THE "WONDER SHIRT"
HAS NO WEAK SPOT ANYWHERE.
EVERY SHIRT WARRANTED PERFECT.
"ACORN" TRADE MARK.
TRADE MARK
WONDER

The latest shirt issued under the "Acorn" Brand is "THE WONDER," and it is also the best shirt ever made for the Trade.

The following are some of its principal points of excellence, a printed list of which is attached to each shirt:

1st—It has the finest and heaviest muslin ever put in a shirt, (Utica Nonparie improved).

2—It has a 3-ply linen bosom.

3—It is of extra length.

4—It is reinforced, both back and front, extending and meeting under the arm where most needed.

5—It has the Tomlinson patent endless facing.

6—It is custom make and finish.

7—It cannot break or tear anywhere.

Like the Deacon's "one-hoss shay," it has no weak spot, and will never "give" anywhere, but, at the end of scores of years, it will dissolve into space—not a thread broken or a seam started.

Fathers will bequeath these shirts, purchased in early manhood, a priceless legacy to their children.

We expect a large demand for them to place in the corner stones of linen structures as evidence of the greatest triumph of modern civilization.

We are taking steps to put this crowning achievement of art into the "Acorn" agencies in London, Paris, Berlin, St. Petersburg and Constantinople, when it can not fail of instant and permanent success.

YATES & HUNTER, Agents,
537 Market Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

EAST WALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD

are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5

Empty teams, half-price.

SUBSCRIBE
FOR THE
CHRONICLE-UNION.

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD

are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack Animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5

Empty teams half-price.

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit is given.

TYPE METAL

For Sale at
This Office

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, DECEMBER 31, 1887.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Personal.

Mrs. Ada Stewart and brother, George M. Kinney, left for the other side of the mountains, on Wednesday, going to Carson in their conveyance. They expect to return in about a month.

Isaac Kahn and Alexander Rosenwald, of the firm of Rosenwald, Coblentz & Co., lately of Lundy, left on Tuesday for Plymouth, Amador county, after sojourning here for three weeks.

BODIE MINES.

BULWER CON.—JOHN KELLY, Superintendent.

Report for week ending December 25.

We started a north drift from east crosscut 100 feet south of Bulwer shaft, 200-foot level. We connected with the Standard Company's stopes raised from the 300-foot level the ledge the Standard Company raised on. It pitched to the east and as they raised on it it came into Bulwer ground. We got it surveyed on Friday the 23d and find where the connection was made it was on Bulwer east line, and the vein belongs to the Bulwer Company. At this point assays taken so far are as follows: $65 19, $11 66, $27 02, $37 09, $38 68, $13 67. The Standard Company will have their side surveyed next week. Our north drift, 1000 level, was extended since last report 13 feet. The ground is very hard.

BODIE—JOHN KELLY, Superintendent.

Report for week ending December 25.

West crosscut from our north drift, 1000 foot level, was extended 14 feet through porphyry.

We are cutting out a winze stationon the 1000 foot level.

The Lent shaft was extended 10 feet. The shaft is hard.

It takes 8 strokes of the pump per minute to keep the shaft clear of water.

MONO—JOHN KELLY, Superintendent.

Report for week ending December 25.

See Bodie letter of this date for Mono report.

THE HUNTOON DINNER PARTY.—Mrs. Norman Huntoon gave a dinner party to a few of her friends, on Wednesday afternoon. The guests left here at noon and drove to the Huntoon ranch, going and returning in a snow storm. Those present were Norman Huntoon and wife, R. M. Folger and wife, O. H. Kister and wife Watkin Morgan and wife, Wm. H. Vinden and wife, Z B. Tinkum, and John and Moses Huntoon.

THE DAY.—Christmas was observed by the usual family reunions, tree and dance. At Bryant's Hall, in the presence of about 250 of our people, the school children creditably performed the parts assigned them—singing, recitations, etc. The tree was well loaded with presents which were duly distributed, after which there was a dance for the children. On Monday evening the festivities closed with a social dance.

ABSURD —That the Board of Supervisors gave Supervisor Davison six months leave of absence. He could leave Mono county for any part of the State without leave That his salary continued. The Supervisors are paid $6 per diem when in session. Such false reports are ridiculous.

THANKS.—At the close of the year we take the opportunity to thank the County Officers for courtesies extended to this office during this year, and to our friends for the liberal patronage bestowed upon the CHRONICLE-UNION.

SNOW STORM —On Tuesday morning a snow storm commenced and continued until early Thursday morning, leaving about 18 inches of snow on the level, and from four to five feet drifts.

BELOW ZERO.—This morning, at 7½ o'clock, the mercury registered 31 degrees below zero—an indication that it must have been as low as 36 during the night.

SLEIGHING.—A number of sleighs were on the streets yesterday, and the prospects are that good sleighing will continue for two or three weeks.

HAPPY NEW YEAR.—We wish all, friends and otherwise, a Happy New Year.

A close friend of James G. Blaine, of Lewiston, Maine, who met him in Paris a fortnight ago, says that Mr. Blaine is in the best of health and so expresses himself. A British official taunted Blaine about what he called the latter's discourteous language used in a certain note sent to Her Majesty's Government while Blaine was Secretary of State. Blaine retorted in the happiest manner by assuring the Britisher that the language of the note was a copy of a note sent by Her Majesty's Government to the United States during the Rebellion while England was doing her best to overthrow the American Union. There was no further reference to that discourteous note.

Speaking of Blaine in the campaign of 1888, the gentleman said: "I am not authorized to speak for Mr. Blaine, but my conviction is that Mr. Blaine neither courts nor opposes in this matter. He is not a candidate any more than that he would not accept a nomination if he thought any considerable number of Republicans thought another man stronger. But I believe that if the Republican party in convention again declares with great unanimity that he is their man for 1888, Blaine will accept the nomination, though few know at what a sacrifice of comfort and strength."

PROTECTION VS. FREE TRADE.

The following call for the next National Republican Convention has been issued by the Committee to the Republican electors of the United States, fixing the convention at Chicago, June 19th, 1888:

Republican electors in the several States, and voters without regard to past political affiliation, difference or action, who believe in the American principle of a protective tariff for the defense and development of home industries and the elevation of home labor; who would reduce national taxes and prevent the accumulation of a surplus in the Treasury, in harmony with this principle; who are opposed to the attempt (now more openly avowed than ever before) to establish a policy which would strike down American labor to the level of the impoverished and oppressed workers of foreign lands; who favor naval and coast defenses which will enable the United States to conduct international negotiations with self-respect; who gratefully cherish the defenders of the country; who condemn and resent the continued and unjust exclusion of rapidly growing Territories with indisputable title to admission in the sisterhood of States; who favor free schools and popular education; a free and honest ballot and a fair count; protection of every citizen of the United States in his legal rights at home and abroad; a foreign policy that shall extend our trade and commerce to every land and clime and shall properly support the dignity of the nation, and the promotion of friendly and harmonious relations and intercourse between all the States—all such are cordially invited to unite under this call in the formation of a national ticket, each State to be entitled to four delegates at large and for each Representative at large two delegates, and each Congressional District, each Territory and the District of Columbia to two delegates.

Delegtaes at large shall be chosen by State Conventions, called in not less than a twenty days' published notice and not less than thirty days before the meeting of the National Convention. Congressional, district and Territorial delegates shall be chosen in the same manner as the nomination of a member of Congress or Territorial Congressional delegate is made in the same districts. The alternate for each delegate shall be elected at the same time.

All notices of contest must be filed with the National Committee in writing, accompanied by a printed statement of the grounds, which shall be made public.

Chairman Jones has appointed the following committee to visit Chicago, appoint a local committee of arrangements and take in charge the preparations for the convention: J. S. Clarkson, Iowa; A. L. Conger, Iowa; G. A. Hobart, N. J.; P. Clayton, Arkansas; Cyrus Leland, Jr., Kansas; Church Howe, Nebraska; N. W. Cuney, Texas.

Chairman Jones and Secretary Fessenden are members of the committee ex-officio. The committee elected J. S Clarkson, Chairman of the sub committee, with full power, which will consist of Clarkson, Conger, Clayton, Jones and Fessenden.

Captain Charles Wilson has been appointed Inspector of Hulls and Boilers for San Francisco district, vice Captain J. H. Freeman, removed.

English legislators are wrestling with protection and free trade. Cobden's free trade Act of 1846 has ruined the farmers of England.

WILL MEET.—The Board of Supervisors will meet in regular session on Tuesday, January 3d.

Bennett has commenced the publication of the European Herald at Paris, and the Parisians like it.

Matthew Alty, of Nevada City, who was caved on a few days ago, died of his injuries.

Advices state that a schooner was captured by the natives of Thursday Island and the crew murdered.

Green corn from Lincoln, Placer county was on the many tables on Christmas Day.

Dakota is likely to be admitted into the Union after the Presidential election.

Nearly 31,000,000 people crossed the Brooklyn Bridge last year.

Ex Secretary Manning died at his residence in Albany on the 24th instant.

HOLIDAY GOODS at Hays Bros., from a jackknife for the boy to a fine present for the older folks.

HOLIDAY GOODS.—A fine stock at Joe. Brown's.

A VALUABLE MEDICAL TREATISE.

The edition for 1888 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States; Mexico, and, indeed, in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for over one fifth of a century. It combines, with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, etc., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1888 will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

TYPE METAL

For sale at

This Office.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post-office address. Respectfully,

T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl st., New York.

Some of the best dressed gentlemen of Mono county are indebted to Silas B. Smith, of Bodie, for their stylish appearance. He has the agency for some of the finest tailoring establishments in the East. His samples for the Fall and Winter are unsurpassed. He displays over 2,000 different patterns of cloth. His experience with the tape line for many years insures a good fit every time. When in Bodie call on him and inspect the goods.

SILVER WARE given away at Bryant's. The case contains a set of tablespoons, set of teaspoons, and a set of knives and forks. A $5 purchase of goods will entitle the party to a chance to win this case.

CARPETS.—Charles H. Kelly, of Bodie, has received a new stock of TAPESTRY-BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY, and IN GRAIN CARPETS, which can be bought at hard times prices.

PLATED GOODS.—The latest patterns of PLATED WARE, SPOONS, KNIVES and FORKS, etc. are at Charles H. Kelly's Store, Bodie, and offered at prices suitable for hard times.

OIL CLOTHS—TABLE, SHELF and FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—latest styles, for sale at hard times prices at Charles H. Kelly's, Bodie.

WALLPAPER.—WALLPAPER in new and pretty designs just received at Charles H. Kelly's, Bodie, which is offered at hard times prices.

AGATE WARE.—At Charles H Kelly's, in Bodie, can be found the Celebrated AGATE IRON WARE, in many designs, and for all uses, at hard times prices.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.—The largest assortment of the best of CROCKERY and GLASSWARE is for sale at hard times prices at Charles H. Kelly's, in Bodie.

CALAMITIES.—Among the goods at Chas. H. Kelly's, in Bodie, are 1,013 Calamities of all sizes, colors, and previous condition, at hard times prices.

FRESH OYSTERS.—Bryant has in store fresh oysters, and will keep a stock always on hand, Try them!

GET A PRIZE.—The purchaser of a can of Silver Star Baking Powder at Joe Brown's gets a nice present. Presents on exhibition.

GROCERIES.—David Hays & Bro. have this week received a large stock of fresh groceries and canned goods of every description.

MINCE PIES.—Go to Bryant's for cider and brandy.

Perforated veneer chair bottoms at D. Hays & Bro.

Fresh Groceries just received at Bryant's

FRESH CRANBERRIES at Bryant's.

New Dress Goods at D. Hays & Bro.

MISCELLANEOUS.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed: you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. GRAND OUTFIT FREE. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH

HOW ACCOMPLISHED. Every lady should know. Send stamp. BAKER REM. CO., Box 104 Buffalo, N.Y.

PERSIAN BLOOM, Best Complexion Beautifier, Skin Cure and Blemish Eradicator known. Send stamp for trial package. Address as above.

AH QUONG TIE.

Laundryman,

(Successor to Tim Foung.)

Next east of the Allen House.

BRIDGPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

☞ Washing and ironing neatly done, and promptly delivered.

Kindly give me a trial.

d10-tf QUONG TIE.

LEGAL.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT SACRAMENTO, CAL.,
December 8, 1887.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk at Markleeville, on

JANUARY 23, 1888.

viz: JOHN J. QUILL, of Woodford P. O., for the E ½ of N E ¼ and E ½ of S E ¼, Sec. 12, Tp. 10 N, R 19 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: W. J. Swall, A. W. Clark, J. Sauve and N. Proriless, all of said P. O.

d10-td SELDEN HETZEL, Register.

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF JOHN W. POWELL, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of John W. Powell, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at the law office of Wm. O. Parker, Bridgeport, Mono Co., Cal., the same being his place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said County of Mono, State of California.

Dated at Bridgeport, December 15th, 1887.

B. T. BROWN, Administrator
of the Estate of John W. Powell, deceased.
[d17-1m]

IN MEMORIUM.

To the Master Workman, Officers and Members of Bodie Lodge No. 143, A. O. U. W.

We, your committee appointed to draft resolutions in memory of our deceased Brother J. W. Sullivan, respectfully present the following:

WHEREAS—The Supreme Master of the Universe has summoned to the Supreme Lodge on high our esteemed Brother, J. W. Sullivan, and

WHEREAS—While we bow to the will of the Supreme Master, yet we grieve for the loss and death of our Brother; therefore be it

RESOLVED—That the deepest sympathy and earnest condolence of this Lodge is extended to the bereaved wife, family and relatives of our deceased Brother in this their great affliction.

RESOLVED—That by the death of Brother Sullivan this community has lost an upright citizen, his wife a faithful and affectionate husband, and this Lodge a much esteemed Brother.

RESOLVED—That while our Brother's death has cast a gloom over our Lodge, yet we yield humble submission to our Heavenly Father who doeth all things well.

RESOLVED—That the Charter of this Lodge be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that these resolutions be spread upon the records of this Lodge and a copy be transmitted to the family of our deceased Brother, and to the newspapers of Mono county.

A. S. MONTROSE,
SILAS B. SMITH,
CHAS. L. HAYES,
Committee.

Edward Burgess, the designer of Puritan, Mayflower and Volunteer, the defenders of the America Cup, has been presented $10,172 25—"National Purse" subscriptions.

Chambers, of Mississippi, has announced that he is a Republican. He is for protection of American industries. His leaving the Democratic party will have its effect on that State.

The agitation of free trade by the President begins to be felt to the detriment of American industries. It is supposed that the steel rail works will be forced to shut down.

It is generally believed in England and France that the Kilrain-Smith fight was a fraud; a mere by play. Too little damage for a 106 round fight.

Last week over 100 destitute Turks were landed at Castle Garden. It is time the Government took charge of that work.

Copper has advanced to 16 cents per pound. This will start work in the Arizona and California mines.

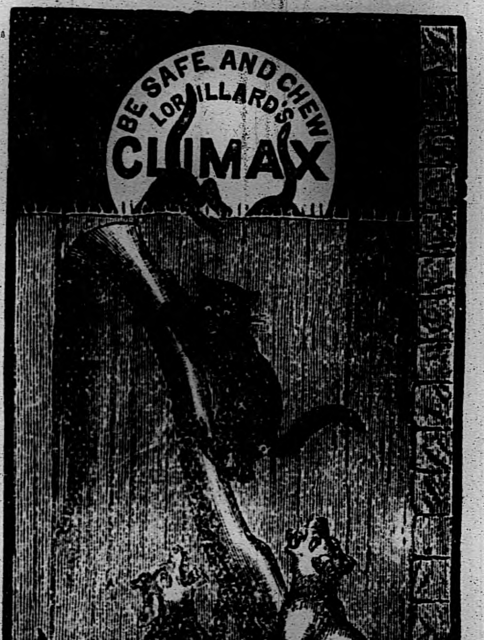
The National Convention of the Prohibition Party is to be held at Indianapolis on June 6th next.

It is reported that a viticultural station is to be located near Clinton, Amador county.

In New York California honey is selling for twice as much as it did last year.

Mississippi and Louisiana have been visited by a heavy fall of snow.

Eight men were frozen to death in Texas.


BE SAFE AND CHEW LORILLARD'S CLIMAX
CLIMAX Lorillard's TOBACCO
"CLIMB-AXE" TOBACCO.

Tutt's Pills

CURE

Malaria, Dumb Chills, Fever and Ague, Wind Colic, Bilious Attacks.

They produce regular, natural evacuations, never gripe or interfere with daily business. As a family medicine, they should be in every household.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases and hair falling $1. at Druggists.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

Invaluable for Coughs, Colds, Inward Pains, Exhaustion.

ADVERTISE

IN

THIS PAPER,

MISCELLANEOUS.

D. HAYS & BRO

MAIN STREET, BRIDGEPORT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

Consisting of

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

Provisions

Wines and Liquors.

CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

Paints, Oils, Sash, Windows, Doors and Glass,

BUCKEYE MOWERS and AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS.

I WOULD NOT LINGER

Now that the season's best opportunity presents itself.

PRICES HAVE WILTED ALREADY

ON OUR SUMMER STOCK OF

Dry Goods and Millinery,

Wash Dress Goods and White Goods.

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

This is a Rare Opportunity, Don't Hesitate to

GATHER IN THESE BARGAINS!

OR YOU WILL LIVE TO REGRET IT.

SILAS B. SMITH,

Main Street, Bodie.

THE GREAT CARRIAGE HOUSE,

OF THE PACIFIC COAST.

MAXON & ACKLEY,

SUCCESSORS TO

J. F. DAVIS & SON,

Sacramento, Cal.

3000 of their Celebrated Open and Top Buggies, Phætons, Carriages, Sporting, Grocery and Fruit Wagons, have been sold and are now in use in California and Nevada, and give unfailing satisfaction.

ALL THEIR WORK IS GUARANTEED.

The Best Vehicles for the Money on the Pacific Coast.

Their new Illustrated Catalogue and Price List mailed free on application.

ADDRESS

MAXON & ACKLEY,

911 and 913 Second Street. Sacramento, Cal.

DEEP Sea Wonders exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information how either sex, of all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a single day at this work. All succeed.

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

CHRONICLE-UNION.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE

AT

PALMER & REY'S

ADVERTISING BUREAU!

405-7 Sansome St., San Francisco

AND AT

PALMER & REY'S

Pacific States Advertising Bureau!

46 Tribune Building,

NEW YORK.

Where Advertising Contracts can be made.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

DECEMBER 31, 1887.

MAUD HAS A RIVAL.

Wonderful Private Record Made by William Rockefeller's 4-year-old Bay Mare.

The little mare Flemsoe has just made a private record which suggests that she may yet become the rival of great Maud S. A few days ago Mr. William Rockefeller, who is her owner, decided to make a test of her powers, as she was in prime condition, his track superb and the weather just right to bring out all her powers. A few friends were invited to Mr. Rockefeller's private track, about three miles back of the railway station in Greenwich, Conn., to witness the test. Mr. Rockefeller was confident that she would trot better than 2.20, while his driver thought she might do even better than 2.19.

The mare was brought out and given one turn to warm her up, and it was at once seen that she was in fine condition. At the word she went away, doing the first quarter in as steady and firm a step as ever a trotter attained, and at a 2.20 gait. On the last half, without seeming to strain a muscle, and without any special urging, she increased her speed and came down the home-stretch as steady as when she began, and made the heat in 2.19.

This is remarkable time for a four-year-old, especially on a track which, though excellent, is not particularly fast. Of course it is not a record except private, but the time was accurately taken.

This little mare is a bay, as handsomely built and proportioned as Maud S. and is only four years old. If she keeps in good condition there is little doubt that she will by-and-by make a record that will run very close to the Queen's best work. But it is doubtful whether she will ever be seen on a public track. Mr. Rockefeller is very much like Mr. Bonner. He prefers to keep his stable for his own gratification and that of his friends, though he has been urged to allow some of his noted horses to appear on the track.

Mr. Rockefeller is the president of the Standard Oil Company. His pleasures, until very recently, have been limited to his splendid stable. A few years ago he bought sixty acres on the crest of a sightly ridge in Greenwhich, and, without stint in expense, laid out the most extensive and in some respects the most perfect private trotting park in this country. A very high and thick granite wall bounds it. It affords rich pasturage for his horses. A perfect view of Long Island sound is obtained from the stable, and the air is ever exhilarating. Here his famous double team, Independence and Cleva were brought, and here on the half-mile track they have made their best record. What it is only those whom Mr. Rockefeller permits to know have learned, but it was satisfactory to him. Besides these and the little bay mare whose remark the record has just been described, he has some thirty other horses, all good, some very valuable, and the whole stud is estimated to be worth not far from $200,000.

Here, early in the summer mornings, the ruler of the Standard Oil company got his money's worth in speeding the horses, watching their improvement, and now and then putting them to their best efforts for a private record. But he is wholly unlike Mr. Bonner in one respect. Bonner likes to talk about his horses. It delights him to take a friend to see Maud S. or old Dexter or the other marvels in his stable. Rockefeller on the other hand is whist about his stables. He is taciturn in his pleasures as his business, a very rare thing with rich New Yorkers. And day after day, when the dawn is being dissipated by the sun, this master of many millions, alone with his driver and employes, refreshes himself for his day's work with these costly playthings; for they are nothing but that to him.

It is strange that though Mr. Rockefeller is able to find his chief recreation with his horses, he is not particularly fond of driving, and, as a reinsman, is not the equal of his brother, John D. Rockefeller, the former president of the Standard Oil company. William Rockefeller is a man of fine physique. His shoulders are broad, his arms lusty, and he stands firm on his feet and doesn't walk with the quick, nervous motion that is characteristic of many New Yorkers who carry enormous business responsibilities upon their shoulders. He has the grip of an athlete and the nerve of a much-tried and successful man.

John D. Rockefeller, his brother, is a small man. His figure gives no idea of physical strength, as his face does of mental power, and he would be one of the last men to be selected to hold the reins of a trotter, clipping along at a 2.20 gait. That power would be readily recognized as William Rockefeller's. And yet John D. is much the better reinsman. He has not so large a stable as William nor has he any horses as celebrated as Independence and Cleva, nor a Flemsoe that is to be. But Midnight is a pretty good stepper, and on the boulevard John D., Sunday school superintendent as he is, can bring out all the speed there is in Midnight. The brothers used to have frequent brushes on the road, and generally John D. showed William the track. Good horsemen who have watched them declared that John D. is a better horseman than William, though his chief recreation and delight have not been in a fine stable and fine stock as that of William has been.

William, this summer, however, has given his attention to the stable, for much of his spare time is devoted to the work of improving his new estate, near Tarrytown on the Hudson. This is what used to be known as the Aspinwall place, and when Mr. Rockefeller has carried out his plans respecting it, it will probably be the most beautiful estate in the country.—*Mail and Express.*

Apple Dumpling.

Three teacupfuls flour, two heaping teaspoonsfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of butter well mixed through flour, and one teaspoonful salt. Mix with sweet milk to a dough stiff enough to roll out upon the moulding-board. Roll into a sheet half an inch thick, spread with chopped apples. Roll dough up as you would roll rolled jelly cake. Pinch ends well together, so juice cannot escape. Place in well-buttered steamer and steam one hour and a half. Serve with cream or milk and sugar or hard sauce.

Chicken Salad.

Pick a pound of meat quite free from bone, and thoroughly cleanse a small head of celery; chop both very fine, and put this in a large bowl. Beat the yolk of an egg until it is thick; mix with it a teaspoonful of made mustard, a pinch of salt, and a quarter of a teaspoonful of white pepper. Beat well into the mixture half a teacupful of thick cream, and add the juice of a small lemon drop by drop, beating the mixture with a fork all the time. Stir the dressing well among the minced chicken and celery.

The last of December we kill pigs for the year's supply of lard and bacon. Instead of killing three or four 300-pound hogs excessively fat, as was the former custom, we kill twice the number of pigs that will weigh 150 each net, and have been fed but a few weeks on corn. Instead of putting down a barrel of fat middlings as my father did, we fill a three-gallon stone jar, as the only use we make of pickled pork is to cook a small piece with vegetables to season them. Our pigs are all made into lard and sausage, except the hams and shoulders, which are trimmed close and put into sweet pickle for six weeks, and then cured with liquid extract of smoke. The sausage is put into cloth bags three inches in diameter, and all, except what we shall use in two or three weeks, is treated with the smoke, which will keep it sweet and good until warm weather. The shoulders of these pigs are almost as lean and good as the hams. I like the new method of curing much better than smoking, as it does away with the risk of fire and thieves in the smoke house; for the meat can be hung in the garret in the house, and insects will not disturb it.

To cure the meat, we sponge the liquid on it twice, at an interval of a week, and it is well to make a third application after the weather gets hot in May or early June. We are just using the last of our hams at this date (Aug. 1.), and they have hung all Summer in the wood-house loft, with no canvassing or protection from flies or other insects, and have kept perfectly. This the second year we have cured our meat in this way, and it has given excellent satisfaction.

My receipt for sweet pickle for either hams or beef, is one and a half pounds of salt and one pound of brown sugar to each gallon of water. Good sorghum or New Orleans molasses may be used in place of sugar, but the weight should be the same as that of the salt. The meat should be sprinkled or rubbed over with salt, and allowed to lie a day or two, to extract the blood, before the pickle is applied. The pickle should be boiled and then allowed to cool before it is poured over the meat.

Adulterated Milk.

The presence of water in milk was once thought to be easily detected by the lactometer. This instrument showed the specific gravity of the mixture, but it was found that cream and water were so nearly of the same specific gravity that milk could be skimmed of part of its cream, and by adding a certain quantity of water, be brought to the specific gravity of full milk. There are in use some simple methods of analyzing milk to detect the presence of added water, coloring matter, etc., but the general tendency now is to make laws, requiring all milk to contain certain percentages of solids, made up of fats, caseine and sugar, ranging in totals from eleven and a half to thirteen per cent. The former is the English, and the latter the Boston standard. It has been found that milk can be adulterated in the cow quite as easily as in the can, by obtaining cows that naturally produce large quantities of poor milk, and by feeding them poor, watery food. Under former laws, if it could be proved that the milk had not been tampered with since leaving the cow, it was merchantable no matter how poor it was.

Fattening Early.

There are advantages and disadvantages in beginning the fattening of swine or other animals early in the fall. If the process is not begun until late it must be carried into the extreme cold weather when a considerable percentage of the food is required to produce bodily heat. By fattening the animal earlier, the percentage of food required for bodily heat is reduced. During severe weather the appetite of the animal is less vigorous and its digestion less nearly complete, due to the effect of the weather upon its body in general. As the profit is increased by rapid fattening and good digestion, we increase the profit by fattening while the weather is mild. Also, the work of attending to the animals can be more economically done in mild than in severe weather. But, on the other hand, there is greater risk of disease, especially among swine, by fattening in warm weather. This, however, is not great when the animals are given a variety of wholesome food, pure drink, and clean quarters, and these produce the cheapest flesh as well.

Need of Salt.

All kinds of stock need salt, says an authority, but it is especially necessary for milch cows, and it is important that it be given regularly. If left where they can get it under shelter, they will only eat what they need, a little almost daily to supply the small percentage of salt found in milk. As long as a calf gets milk as even a part of its diet, it has no craving for salt, and probably does not need any. Regularity in salting cows increases the flow of milk, but if obliged to eat more than they need by having salt mixed with food, there will be at first an increase in milk production, followed quickly by a decrease, and often serious injury to the cow.

Working of Stud Horses.

There are not many owners of valuable stud horses who care to run the risk of accidents which might arise from working them, causing a blemish of some sort that would materially affect the demand for their future services. Few breeders care to put mares to horses having a blemish, no matter if it is caused through accident. There is no occasion to pamper stallions during the winter. Exercise is essential to health, so by all means let them have plenty of exercise. Few entire horses in this country but have been broken to harness, and those which have not should be. They can then be driven a considerable distance each day at regular hours in a light rig to harden their muscles and aid their digestive organs.

Care of Sheep.

On many farms the sheep are regarded as better able to take care of themselves than the other stock, and, consequently, are left to pick up most of their living as best they can. While it is true sheep will stand exposure and lack of proper food without, perhaps, showing the effects so plainly as other stock, still it is poor economy to keep them without the food and shelter required to have them thrive constantly. Unless they do this, they are not a source of profit, and if a farmer is not so situated that he can handle sheep in such a way as to bring him profitable returns, he will, of course, be better off without them.

For Cheese Straws.

Four ounces of butter, four of Parmesan cheese grated, with half a teaspoonful of cayenne and four ounces of flour. Roll it out thin, and cut in strips of four inches in length and a quarter of an inch in breadth; bake lightly, and serve piled high in alternate rows on a dish.

MEDICAL.

KIDNEY

Bladder, Urinary and Liver Diseases, Dropsy, Gravel, and Diabetes, are cured by

HUNT'S REMEDY

THE BEST KIDNEY AND LIVER MEDICINE.

HUNT'S REMEDY

cures Bright's Disease, Retention or Non-Retention of Urine, Pains in the Back, Loins, or Side.

HUNT'S REMEDY

cures Intemperance, Nervous Diseases, General Debility, Female Weakness, and Excesses.

HUNT'S REMEDY

cures Biliousness, Headache, Jaundice, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles.

HUNT'S REMEDY

ACTS AT ONCE on the Kidneys, Liver, and Bowels, restoring them to a healthy action, and CURES when all other medicines fail. Hundreds have been saved who have been given up to die by friends and physicians.

Send for pamphlet to

HUNT'S REMEDY CO.,
Providence, R. I.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns,	Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin Cracks.	Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Screw Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

DR. JORDAN'S
Museum of Anatomy!
751 Market st., San Francisco.

GO AND LEARN HOW TO AVOID disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Private office 211 Geary street. Consultation on lost manhood and all diseases of men. Send for book. m5-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued Sept. and March, each year. ☞ 312 pages, 8½x11½ inches, with over 3,500 illustrations — a whole Picture Gallery. GIVES Wholesale Prices *direct to consumers* on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These INVALUABLE BOOKS contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy FREE to any address upon receipt of 10 cts. to defray expense of mailing. Let us hear from you. Respectfully,

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

"A BOOK FOR THE PEOPLE."

CAPTIVATING! USEFUL! Eloquent Discussions, and Diplomatic Papers on the Great Public Questions of the Past and Present, by JAMES G. BLAINE.

Embracing his masterly arguments on the vital issues in the *Anti-Slavery Struggle*, the *All Important Labor Question*, *Prohibition*, *Irish Home-Rule*, etc., etc. ☞ A FORTUNE FOR BOOK CANVASSERS! APPLICATIONS FOR TERRITORY COMING IN WITH A RUSH!

THE J. DEWING CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

The San Francisco Weekly Alta will be sent to any address thirteen weeks on trial for 25 cents. Splendid premiums are offered to yearly subscribers.

THE WEEKLY ALTA,
San Francisco, Cal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LITTLE'S CHEMICAL FLUID
NON-POISONOUS SHEEP DIP.
Price, $1 25 per Imperial Gallon.

Sold in Iron Drums, containing 5 Imperial Gallons, equal to nearly 6 American Gallons.

One gallon, mixed with 60 gallons of cold water, will dip thoroughly 180 sheep, at a cost of 1 cent each. Easily applied; a nourisher of wool: a certain cure for SCAB. Also,

LITTLE'S PATENT POWDER DIP
(Poisonous).

Mixes instantly with water. Prevents the fly from striking. In a 2-pound package there is sufficient to dip twenty sheep, and in a 7-pound package there is sufficient to dip 100 sheep.

PRICE, 17 CENTS PER POUND.

CATTON, BELL & CO.,
Successors to FALKNER, BELL & CO.,
No. 106 California Street,
au27-3m SAN FRANCISCO.

Who Knows

WHEN

Steamboats will sink or burn?
Railroad trains will be wrecked?
Boilers or lamps will explode?
Horses will take fright and run?
Bricks or timbers will fall?
Fire burn or lightning strike?
Machinery will crush or mangle?
Tools or glass will cut?
Splinters or nails will wound?
Slips and falls will happen?
Hammers and weights will bruise?
Ladder or staging will give way?
Animals will kick or bite?
Limbs will be sprained or broken?
Fatal or disabling injury by accident may be caused in any one of a thousand ways

As no one knows, the only safe and sure way is to

INSURE

IN THE

TRAVELERS

ACCIDENT INSURANCE

COMPANY.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ALEX. C. FOLGER,
AGENT
BRIDGEPORT, CAL

SEWING MACHINES.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE
PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR.
NEVER OUT OF ORDER.
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO ILL.
30 UNION SQUARE, N.Y.
DALLAS, TEX.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
ATLANTA, GA.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ARTHUR H. HILL,
No. 634 Market Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address H. G. ROOT, M. C. 183 Pearl St., New York.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. HUGHES

Blacksmith and Wagon Maker
BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

HORSE AND OX SHOEING.

AND GENERAL JOBBING.

BRIDGEPORT
Livery and Sale Stables,
Corner of Main and Sinclair Streets,
BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

HAY AND GRAIN FOR SALE.
Horses boarded by the day, week and month.
Saddle Horses and Buggy Teams to let.
ap17-tf C. C. TURNER.

PIONEER SALOON,
CORNER OF COURT HOUSE BLOCK AND MAIN STREET,
BRIDGEPORT.

☞ Refitted and furnished with the BEST of everything required in a First-Class Saloon.
au2-tf F. M. RICHARDSON.

HOMER E OSBORN,
GENERAL BROKER IN
Merchandise, Fire, Life and
Accident Insurance,
429 California Street.
SAN FRANCISCO.

REFERENCE, By Permission:
Redington & Co., Goodyear Rubber Company
Hawley Bros. Hardware Co., H. S. Crocker & Co., John Taylor & Co., Wellman, Peck & Co., and Anglo-California Bank, San Francisco.
R. M. & A. C. Folger, Bridgeport.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. H. VIRDEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

NOTARY PUBLIC.
23-t BRIDGEPORT CAL.

R. S. MINER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal.

Will practice in all the Courts of California and Nevada. Mining litigation will receive special attention. je11-tf

W. O. PARKER, Bridgeport, Cal.
P. W. BENNETT, Stockton, Cal.

BENNETT & PARKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA. je13-tf

CHARLES A. SCHUMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

NOTARY PUBLIC.
BODIE, CAL. f7-t

A. MAESTRETTI,
CONSTABLE OF HOMER TOWNSHIP.
LUNDY, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA,
Rents and Accounts collected. s23-tf

TYPE METAL

For sale at

This Office.

ADVERTISE

IN

THIS PAPER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. F. OSBORN & CO.,

NO. 751 MARKET STR.

SAN FRANCISCO.

General Hardware.

CABINET,

UPHOLSTERERS',

CARRIAGE MAKERS,

HARDWARE.

☞ SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,
HARDWARE,
Foot and Power Machinery.
OSBORN & ALEXANDER,
628 Market Street,
Opp. Palace Hotel, San Francisco.
Mechanics' Tools of all Trades
Our Specialty.